

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

GARY MARTIN,

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Plaintiff,

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE COMMISSIONER
RAYMOND W. KELLY, INSPECTOR DAVID
BARRERE, DETECTIVE NIURCA QUINONES,
DETECTIVE BRIAN LATIMORE, POLICE OFFICER
ANDREW PAYNE, JOHN DOE POLICE OFFICERS #1-
3,

Defendants.

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**COMPLAINT AND
JURY DEMAND**

FILED
IN CLERK'S OFFICE
U.S. DISTRICT COURT E.D.N.Y.
ECF CASE ★ JUL 15 2008 ★
BROOKLYN OFFICE

*JOHN TOWNES, J.
GO, M.J.*

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is a civil rights action in which plaintiff seeks relief for the violation of his rights secured by 42 USC §1983, §1988 and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, and the laws and Constitution of the State of New York.

2. The claim arises from a August 2, 2007 and September 20, 2007 incident in which Officers of the New York City Police Department ("NYPD"), acting under color of state law, intentionally and willfully subjected plaintiff to, among other things, false arrest, false imprisonment, and assault.

3. Plaintiff seeks monetary damages (special, compensatory, and punitive) against defendants, as well as an award of costs and attorneys' fees, and such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURISDICTION

4. This action is brought pursuant to 28 USC §1331, 42 USC §1983, §1985 and the Fourth

and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. Pendent party jurisdiction and supplementary jurisdiction over plaintiff's state law claims are asserted.

5. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00 excluding interest and costs.

6. Venue is laid within the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York in that Defendant City of New York is located within and a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred within the boundaries of the Eastern District of New York.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff is a citizen of the United States and at all times here relevant resided in Kings County, City and State of New York.

8. The City of New York is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York.

9. New York Police Commissioner Raymond Kelly ("Kelly") was at all times here relevant the Commissioner of the New York City Police Department, and, as such, was a policy maker with respect to training, supervision, and discipline of NYPD officers, including the other individual defendants. Kelly is sued in his individual and official capacities.

10. Inspector Barrere was at all times here relevant the commanding officer of the 75th precinct, and, as such, was a policy maker with respect to training, supervision, and discipline of NYPD officers within the unit, including the other individual defendants. Inspector Barrere is sued in his individual and official capacities.

11. All others individual defendants ("the officers") are employees of the NYPD, and are sued in their individual capacities.

12. At all times here mentioned defendants were acting under color of state law, to wit, under color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the City and

State of New York.

NOTICE OF CLAIM

13. Within 90 days of the events giving rise to this claim, plaintiff filed written notice of claim with the New York City Office of the Comptroller. Over 30 days have elapsed since the filing of that notice, and this matter has not been settled or otherwise disposed of.

JOINT LIABILITY

14. This action falls within one or more of the exceptions set forth in CPLR 1602.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

15. On August 2, 2007, plaintiff was present in Brooklyn Criminal Court for a scheduled court appearance. Defendants detained plaintiff at the courthouse and removed him to the 75th precinct. At the precinct, defendants questioned plaintiff and continued to detain him. Plaintiff was eventually released from central booking when the District Attorney's Office declined to prosecute. Plaintiff was incarcerated for more than twenty four hours.

16. On September 20, 2007, plaintiff was present in Brooklyn Criminal Court for a scheduled court appearance. Defendants detained plaintiff at the courthouse and removed him to the 75th precinct. At the precinct, defendants questioned plaintiff and continued to detain him. Plaintiff was eventually released from central booking when the District Attorney's Office declined to prosecute. Plaintiff was incarcerated for more than twenty four hours.

17. At all times during the events described above, the defendant police officers were engaged in a joint venture and formed an agreement to violate plaintiff's rights. The individual officers assisted each other in performing the various actions described and lent their physical presence and support and the authority of their office to each other during said events. They failed to intervene in the obviously illegal actions of their fellow officers against plaintiff.

18. During all of the events above described, defendants acted maliciously and with intent to injure plaintiff.

19. As a direct and proximate result of the acts of defendants, plaintiff suffered the following injuries and damages:

- a. Violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution to be free from an unreasonable search and seizure of his person;
- b. Violation of his right to Due Process of Law under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution;
- c. Violation of his New York State Constitutional rights under Article 1, Section 12 to be free from an unreasonable search and seizure;
- d. Violation of his New York State Constitutional right under Article 1, Section 6 to Due Process of Law;
- e. Emotional trauma and suffering, including fear, embarrassment, humiliation, emotional distress, frustration, extreme inconvenience, anxiety; and
- g. Loss of liberty.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(42 USC § 1983)

20. The above paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.

21. Defendants acted under color of law and conspired to deprive plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights to be free from unreasonable search and seizure and to due process of law pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and are liable to plaintiff under 42 U.S.C. §§1983 and §§ 6 and 12 of the New York State Constitution.

22. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of defendants' wrongful acts.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
(MUNICIPAL AND SUPERVISORY LIABILITY)

23. The above paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.

24. The City, Kelly, and Barrere are liable for the damages suffered by plaintiff as a result of the conduct of their employees, agents, and servants.

25. The City, Kelly and Barrere knew or should have known of their employees', agents', or servants' propensity to engage in the illegal and wrongful acts detailed above.

26. The aforesaid event was not an isolated incident. The City, Kelly, and Barrere have been aware for some time (from lawsuits, notices of claim and complaints filed with the Civilian Complaint Review Board) that many of their officers are insufficiently trained on the proper basis for an arrest, the observations required to support probable cause, and an officer's duty to investigate obvious exculpatory evidence. The City, Kelly, and Barrere and are further aware, from the same sources, that NYPD officers routinely ignore restrictions on the appropriate amount of force, and that a "wall of silence" exists by which police officers assault citizens without fear of reprisal. The City, Kelly, and Barrere fail to discipline officers for not reporting fellow officers' misconduct that they have observed, and they fail to discipline officers for making false statements to disciplinary agencies. Further, there is no procedure to notify individual officers or their supervisors of unfavorable judicial review of their conduct. Without this notification, improper search and seizure practices and incredible testimony go uncorrected. Additionally, the City, Kelly, and Barrere have isolated their law department from the discipline of police officers, so that civil suits against police officers for actions taken in their capacity as police officers have no impact on the officers' careers, regardless of the outcome of the civil

actions. The City, Kelly, and Barrere are aware that all of the aforementioned has resulted in violations of citizens' constitutional rights. Despite such notice, the City, Kelly, and Barrere have failed to take corrective action. This failure and these policies caused the officers in the present case to violate plaintiff's civil rights, without fear of reprisal.

27. The City, Kelly, and Barrere have failed to take the steps to discipline, train, supervise or otherwise correct the improper, illegal conduct of the individual defendants in this and in similar cases involving misconduct.

28. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of policymakers of the City, Kelly, and Barrere to the constitutional rights of persons within New York City, and were the cause of the violations of plaintiff's rights here alleged.

29. Defendants the City, Kelly, and Barrere have damaged plaintiff by their failure to properly train, supervise, discipline, review, remove, or correct the illegal and improper acts of their employees, agents or servants in this and in similar cases involving police misconduct.

30. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the wrongful, negligent and illegal acts of the City, Kelly, and Barrere.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
(CONSTITUTIONAL TORT)

31. All preceding paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.

32. Defendants, acting under color of law, violated plaintiff's rights pursuant to §§6 and 12 of the New York State Constitution.

33. A damages remedy here is necessary to effectuate the purposes of §§6 and 12 of the New York State Constitution, and appropriate to ensure full realization of plaintiff's rights under those sections.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR)

34. The preceding paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.
35. Defendants' intentional tortious acts were undertaken within the scope of their employment by defendant City of New York and in furtherance of the defendant City of New York's interest.
36. As a result of defendants' tortious conduct in the course of their employment and in furtherance of the business of defendant City of New York, plaintiff was damaged.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(ASSAULT)

37. The above paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.
38. Upon approaching, arresting, and forcefully transporting plaintiff, defendants made plaintiff fear for his physical well-being and safety and placed him in apprehension of immediate harmful and/or offensive touching.
39. Defendants have deprived plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights, conspired to deprive him of such rights and are liable to plaintiff under 42 USC §1983 and the New York State Constitution.
40. Plaintiff was damaged by defendants' assault.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(FALSE ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT)

41. The above paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.
42. Defendants subjected plaintiff to false arrest, false imprisonment, and deprivation of liberty without probable cause.
43. Defendant intended to confine plaintiff.
44. Plaintiff was conscious of his confinement and did not consent to his confinement.

45. Defendants have deprived plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights and have conspired to deprive him of such rights and are liable to plaintiff under 42 USC §§1983, New York State common law, and the New York State Constitution.

46. As a result of the false arrest, imprisonment, and deprivation of liberty, plaintiff was damaged.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff demands judgment against the defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

- A. In favor of plaintiff in an amount to be determined by a jury for each of plaintiff's causes of action;
- B. Awarding plaintiff punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury;
- C. Awarding plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and disbursements of this action; and
- D. Granting such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

DATED: Brooklyn, New York
July 14, 2008

Yours, etc.,



TO: New York City
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Brooklyn NY 11208

Detective Niurca Quinones
75th Precinct
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